No materials, no calculator. Prepared by and return to: Mikko Valkama

NB 1: If you wish to take the <u>Full Exam</u>, answer to all the questions 1-6. If you wish to take only the <u>Second Midterm Exam</u>, answer ONLY to the questions 4-6.

NB 2: Please pay special attention to <u>clear handwriting</u>. If I cannot read your text with reasonable effort, your paper cannot be unfortunately graded. So, please, try to write in a clear manner. Thank you.

NB 3: For Second Midterm, only one full response sheet is allowed. For Full Exam, two full response sheets are allowed.

- Explain shortly the following concepts in the context of electrical or electromagnetic communications: a) spectrum, b) nonlinear distortion, c) autocorrelation function, d) spectral density, e) thermal noise. No need to dwell on finest details, rough explanations which show your understanding are enough.
- 2. Explain the general concept of I/Q modulation. Illustrate the principle by drawing a block-diagram of an I/Q modulator, and some example spectral contents of the relevant signals in different stages. How does I/Q modulation utilize the structure of a general bandpass signal, sketched below. Explain also how the receiver can recover the I and Q components. Finally, explain the concept of lowpass or baseband equivalent and how is it related to I/Q modulation.

 $x_{BP}(t) = A(t)\cos(\omega_C t + \varphi(t)) = x_I(t)\cos(\omega_C t) - x_O(t)\sin(\omega_C t)$

- 3. Explain shortly the fundamental core elements or processing stages that every digital communication system contains and what are their basic roles/purposes. Explain also shortly what are the most fundamental parameters or features that define the external operation of a digital communication system.
- 4. Suppose you are to design an I/Q modulated single-carrier M-QAM digital communication system where the target physical-layer bit rate is 1 Gbit/s, and that you have 200 MHz bandwidth available around a center-frequency of 60 GHz. Design the system in terms of the needed QAM symbol alphabet size, symbol rate and feasible nonzero excess bandwidth (rolloff) factor for a raised-cosine pulse. Draw also an elementary block-diagram of the transmitter, starting from the transmit bit sequence towards the high-frequency I/Q modulated waveform.
- Explain briefly the basic ideas of multicarrier modulation / OFDM and multi-antenna / MIMO communications. Discuss also shortly the benefits of OFDM compared to single-carrier PAM/QAM/PSK, and the corresponding benefits of multi-antenna/MIMO compared to singleantenna systems.
- 6. Explain shortly what is meant by (*i*) information, (*ii*) entropy and (*iii*) mutual information, in the context of electrical or electromagnetic communications. Explain also what is meant in this context by channel capacity. Assuming a bandlimited additive white Gaussian noise (AWGN) channel, what factors are determining the channel capacity ? Suppose that bandwidth is 100 MHz and SNR is 30 dB, what is now approximatively the channel capacity in bits/s ?

Maximum points, Full Exam: 6 x 5 = 30p

Maximum points, Second Midterm Exam: 3 x 5 = 15p